Material Safety Data Sheet

DAUBERT CHEMICAL COMPANY

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HMIS HAZARD RATING		
HEALTH	1	
FIRE	2	
REACTIVITY	0	
PERSONAL PROTECTION	D	

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By: R. Lauterbach

SECTION I: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: **TECTYL® 121 BC**

General/Generic ID: Corrosion Preventive Coating

SECTION II: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	Wt%	Recommended Exposure Limits (TWA)
[1]Asphalt	48-58	ACGIH TLV: 5 mg/m ³
CAS #8052-42-4		NIOSH: 5 mg/m ³ (ceiling limit)
Mineral Spirits (Indisc)	31-41	None Established
CAS #64742-47-8		
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (Stoddard Type)	.1-10	OSHA PEL: 100 ppm
CAS #8052-41-3		ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm
Aluminum Silicate	0-8	None Established
CAS #70892-59-0		

^[1] See Section 3

SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

Eye: Can cause eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.

Skin: May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns

Swallowing: Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. This material can enter the lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung inflammation and/or damage.

Inhalation: Breathing of vapor or mist is possible. Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful.

Symptoms of Exposure: stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness), and death.

Tectyl 121 BC (3040) 1/11/07 Page 1 of 4

Target Organ Effects: Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans, and may aggravate pre-existing disorders of these organs: central nervous system effects.

Developmental Information: No data

Chronic Effects: Some asphalt solutions have produced skin cancer in laboratory animals. The activity of test materials varies widely, but the activity in general, is weak. Based on the skin painting data, IARC has concluded that there is sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity of asphalts, diluted, dissolved, or liquefied in solvents, in laboratory animals. Workers, therefore, who practice poor personal hygiene and who are repeatedly exposed by direct skin contact to petroleum asphalts over many years, may potentially be at risk of developing skin cancer. Intermittent or occasional skin contact with petroleum asphalts is not expected to have serious health effects as long as good personal hygiene measures, such as those outlined in this Material Safety Data Sheet, are followed. In addition, asphalt vapors may contain polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, some of which are known to be carcinogenic. Therefore, prolonged breathing of vapors should be avoided.

Special Remarks: Some asphalts may contain hydrogen sulfide (CAS #7783-06-4) ACGIH TLV = 10ppm. Hydrogen Sulfide (HS) may accumulate in storage tanks and bulk transport compartments containing asphalts. Prolonged breathing of low levels of HS will produce eye/respiratory tract irritation; extremely high levels (1000 ppm) can cause unconsciousness/death.

Carcinogenicity: Asphalt solutions are considered to be animal carcinogens by IARC.

Other Health Effects: No data

Primary Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation, Skin contact.

SECTION IV: FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Eyes: If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water while holding eyelids apart. If symptoms persist or there is any visual difficulty, seek medical attention. **Skin:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Swallowing: Do not induce vomiting. This material is an aspiration hazard. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, place on left side with the head down. Seek medical attention. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

Inhalation: If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention; keep person warm and quiet. If person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Note to Physicians: No data

SECTION V: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point: 106 °F (41.1 °C) PMCC

Explosive Limit: (for product) Lower 1.1 Upper 6.1 %

Autoignition Temperature: No data

Hazardous Products of Combustion: May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons. **Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

Extinguishing Media: regular foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. Refer to the personal protective equipment section of this MSDS.

SECTION VI: SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS AND SPILL/LEAK PROCEDURES

Small Spill: Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material.

Large Spill: Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If run-off occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required, that a spill has occurred.

SECTION VII: SAFE HANDLING INFORMATION

Handling: Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid); all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. All five gallon pails and larger metal containers including tank cars and tank trucks should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred.

Storage: Not applicable

SECTION VIII: EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Eye Protection: Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised; however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses. Consult your safety representative.

Skin Protection: Wear resistant gloves such as: neoprene, nitrile rubber, to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

Respiratory Protections: If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (See Exposure Guidelines), a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (consult your industrial hygienist). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Engineering Controls: Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV(s)

SECTION IX: REACTIVITY HAZARD DATA

Hazardous Polymerization: Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Hazardous Decomposition: May form: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons.

Chemical Stability: Stable.

Specific Gravity:

Incompatibility: Avoid contact with: strong oxidizing agents.

SECTION X: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: (for product) 316 °F (157.7 °C) @ 760 mmHg **Vapor Pressure:** (for product) 3 mmHg @ 68 °F

Vapor Pressure: (for product)
Specific Vapor Density:

.964 @ 60 °F

4.9 @ AIR=1

Liquid Density: 8.03 lbs/gal @ 60 °F (.964 Kg/l @ 15.6 °C)

Percent Volatiles (Including Water): 40 - 4

Evaporation Rate: SLOWER THAN ETHYL ETHER

Appearance: No data
State: SEMISOLID

Physical Form:

Color:

EMULS ION
BLACK OPAQUE

Odor:

Ph:

No data

Not applicable

Tectyl 121 BC (3040) 1/11/07 Page 3 of 4

SECTION XI: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Management Information: Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

SECTION XII: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Shipping by ground – Domestically

CORROSION PREVENTIVE - Not Regulated

Shipping by Air, Overseas or Bulk Containers by any mode:

PETROLEUM DISTILLATES N.O.S., (Asphalt, Naphtha Solvent), 3, UN1268, PGIII - Flash Point 106 °F

SECTION XIII: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Volatile Organic Content: (Typical Values)

VOC per gallon: 2.9 lbs/gal

EPA Hazardous Waste Number(s) (40 CFR Part 261):

N/A

EPA Hazard Category (40 CFR Part 370):

IMMEDIATE (ACUTE)

SARA TITLE III:

This product contains the following TOXIC CHEMICALS subject to the *Reporting Requirements of Sec. 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986*, and of 40 CFR Part 372:

Chemical CAS No. Wt%

NONE

This product contains the following EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE(S) subject to *Emergency Planning Requirements* under Sec. 301-303 (40 CFR Parts 300 and 355) and *Emergency Release Notification Requirements* under Sec. 304:

Chemical CAS No. Wt% RO/TPO Lbs

NONE

This product contains the following (CERCLA LIST) HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE(S) subject to *Emergency Release Notification Requirements* under Sec. 304 (40 CFR Part 302):

Chemical CAS No. Wt% Final RQ Lbs

NONE

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

This product may contain trace quantities of chemicals that are identified by the State of California under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Reinforcement Act of 1986 ("Proposition 65") as either a carcinogenic or reproductive hazard:

Although the information contained herein is believed to be reliable, it is furnished without warranty of any kind. This information is not intended to be all-inclusive as to the manner and conditions of use, handling, and storage.

Tectyl 121 BC (3040) 1/11/07 Page 4 of 4